

Rough Terrain Forklift

Used Rough Terrain Forklift Lancaster - Forklift trucks utilize two forks to transport pallets and load and unload cargo. The rough terrain forklift and the industrial forklift are the two main types of forklift trucks. Ideal for working on surfaces that are level and smooth, industrial forklifts are mostly utilized for warehouse applications and loading dock situations. Ideal for uneven terrain and rocky locations, rough terrain forklifts travel well in difficult environments. Commonly found at exterior construction sites, rough terrain forklifts have the tires, size and weight capacity to handle heavy loads. The main difference between rough terrain and industrial forklifts is the cushion tires that are on industrial forklift models. Pneumatic tires are utilized by rough terrain models. They are similar to tractor tires that offer more traction and flotation. Internal combustion engines can power industrial forklifts; however, more often they rely on an electrical source such as a fuel cell or better. Rough terrain models typically rely on an internal combustion engine. Types of Class 7 Rough Terrain Forklift Trucks There are three main types of Class 7 Rough Terrain Forklift Trucks: 1. Straight mast forklifts; 2. Telehandler forklifts; and 3. Rotating telehandler forklifts. Every rough terrain forklift truck is designed to operate on disturbed ground and difficult locations commonly found in military and construction atmospheres. Rough terrain forklift units have better performance and maneuvering options. Safety considerations are taken into account for rough terrain locations with raising loads in difficult environments to keep the operator safe from tipping over. For safety reasons, it is vital the forklift maintains stability before moving, lifting or lowering. Adequate stability and proper lifting techniques need to be implemented to keep the forklift stable on the ground. Straight Mast Forklifts The straight mast forklift design enables easy transport around rough terrain locations including construction and demolition sites. These forklift trucks provide increased maneuverability and accessibility because it is fitted with big, heavyduty pneumatic cushion tires. Uneven ground and rough surfaces are no match for pneumatic tires. It is common for straight mast forklifts to come with 2-wheel or 4-wheel drive. Even though these machines are better utilized in exterior locations, many straight mast forklifts operate with propane or diesel, enabling them to be used indoors for short timeframes. Straight mast forklifts have a similar lift capacity compared to standard forklift models; ranging from 5K to 36K lbs. Telehandler or Telescopic Handler Forklifts Telescopic handler forklifts or telehandlers feature a telescoping boom; hence their name. This specially designed boom allows the forklift truck to pick up loads and place them at differing heights in front of the unit. Better reachability delivers greater flexibility to the forklift operator while placing loads. Standard telehandler forklift units are long and low. They are designed with two wheels located at the front of the forklift with a different pair of wheels found close to the end of the unit. Mounted at the back of the forklift, the telescopic boom is on a pivot that is located many feet above the forklift frame. The left side of the machine houses the cab and the hydraulic fluid tank and the fuel tank are found opposite to the cab. Within the frame itself, the transmission and engine are located along the center-line of the forklift. Creating a balanced machine is essential for a well-designed forklift. Having this particular configuration generates a stable environment for lifting, lowering and transporting loads. Compared to standard forklifts, telehandlers deliver higher lift heights. Otherwise known as high-reach telehandlers or compact telehandlers, these models perform. Compact telehandlers can extend their full load capacity from eight-teen feet and the highreach models to fifty-six feet. The load capacities of these machines range from five thousand pounds to twelve thousand pounds. All-wheel steering is popular for all-terrain forklifts and provides increased maneuverability. The power-shift transmission and steering features allow the operator to move the forklift into a safe and successful working proximity. More recently, Telehandler forklift models have included additional features that incorporate the latest in ergonomics. These features include tilted steering options and roomier cabs to increase operator comfort. High in demand at job sites, these ergonomic options reduce operator fatigue and repetitive stress injuries. A single joystick is a common design for most telehandlers.

The joystick controls all the forklift's boom functions as well as the hydraulic system which allows for straightforward and efficient operation. Telehandler forklifts can also be equipped with non-marking tires which allow them to be used in other applications such as the installation of signs and billboards as well as maintenance on buildings and stadiums. Rotating Telehandler or Roto Telescopic Handler Forklifts The basic telehandler forklift has much in common with rotating telehandlers and roto telescopic handler forklifts. The rotating telehandler can lift excessive loads to extreme heights safely and efficiently. The turntable or rotating ability add extra panache. The rotating function allows the forklift to swivel a full 360 degrees around, enabling access a much larger work area without having to reposition the forklift. Because of this additional feature, rotating telehandlers often have a second joystick to allow operation of the rotation function apart from the lift function. Useful additional features may be added to your standard telehandler or rotating telehandler including 4WD, increased traction via minimized slip differential on the rear axle, and power-assist steering. Any machine with rotation capabilities will have additional safety measures to consider. Stabilizers are a rough terrain forklift feature that rotating telehandler models rely on to increase safety while handling rotating loads that are swinging back and forth from each side of the machine. Some rotating telehandlers do not have stabilizers. These units are created to move and work in various aspects of the job site and are easier to reposition without stabilizers. Rotator telehandlers are usually smaller than their fixed cab counterparts, the standard telehandler. Understandably, rotator telehandler machines can handler smaller load capacities compared to their standard telehandler counterparts. Load capacities for rotating telehandlers usually range between 4,000 and 10,000 pounds, with lift heights ranging from 15 to 80 feet. Standard and rotator telehandlers can double as a crane when outfitted with specific winch accessories. These forklift attachments can save time and money by preventing a separate crane rental to be required. Advancements for Rough Terrain Forklifts Popular rough terrain forklift attachments include rotating fork carriages, booms, articulating booms and winches. More rough terrain forklift attachments will be unleashed onto the market in future years thanks to their ability to make the forklift more multi-purpose than ever before. However, the bulk of advancements are expected to be in the form of safety features, built-in to manufactured rough terrain forklifts. Some new safety features have already been developed such as automatic load restriction devices. By automatically weighing a load, these systems calculate the loads' safe reach distance while taking the boom angle and its' extension into account. An alarm will go off once the safe distance is reached. This alerts the operator that immediate adjustments need to be made to the boom angle, reach distance or load weight.